

# Lanthan-Trirel/Tetrel-ide $\text{La}(\text{Al},\text{Ga})_x(\text{Si},\text{Ge})_{1-x}$ . Experimentelle und theoretische Studien zur Stabilität intermetallischer 1 : 1-Phasen

Lanthanum Trirel/Tetrel-ides  $\text{La}(\text{Al},\text{Ga})_x(\text{Si},\text{Ge})_{1-x}$ . Experimental and Theoretical Studies on the Stability of Intermetallic 1:1 Phases

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Systematic studies of the phase formation at the binary sections  $\text{LaSi} - \text{LaGa}$  and  $\text{LaGe} - \text{LaAl}$  have been carried out by means of synthetic, crystallographic and bond theoretical methods. The high-temperature forms of the two binary monotetrelides  $\text{LaSi}$  and  $\text{LaGe}$  crystallize with the FeB structure type, whereas  $\text{LaGa}$  forms the related CrB type and  $\text{LaAl}$  the significantly different CeAl type. Starting from  $\text{LaSi}/\text{LaGe}$ , the FeB type (orthorhombic, space group  $Pnma$ ,  $Z = 4$ ,  $a = 839.2(1)/842.7(1)$ ,  $b = 399.9(1)/412.3(1)$ ,  $c = 606.2(2)/612.2(1)$  pm,  $R1 = 0.0356/0.0298$ ) remains stable only down to a valence electron number per  $M$  atom ( $M = \text{Si}, \text{Ge}, \text{Al}, \text{Ga}$ ) of 6.9 ( $\text{LaGa}_{0.10}\text{Si}_{0.90}$ :  $a = 840.14(7)$ ,  $b = 404.12(12)$ ,  $c = 608.5(2)$  pm,  $R1 = 0.0513$ ;  $\text{LaAl}_{0.15}\text{Ge}_{0.85}$ :  $a = 845.40(7)$ ,  $b = 414.08(13)$ ,  $c = 614.08(14)$  pm,  $R1 = 0.0213$ ). In the system  $\text{LaGa}_x\text{Si}_{1-x}$ , the stability range of the CrB type (orthorhombic, space group  $Cmcm$ ,  $Z = 4$ ) starts at a gallium proportion of 25 % ( $\text{LaGa}_{0.25}\text{Si}_{0.75}$ :  $a = 450.03(8)$ ,  $b = 1140.5(2)$ ,  $c = 406.05(6)$  pm,  $R1 = 0.0163$ ) and extends to the border compound  $\text{LaGa}$  (v. e./ $M = 6$ ). The CrB type also occurs in the system  $\text{La-Al-Ge}$ , but is in this case only formed around the 1 : 1 composition in between  $\text{LaAl}_{0.42}\text{Ge}_{0.58}$  ( $a = 455.90(12)$ ,  $b = 1161.1(3)$ ,  $c = 418.05(9)$  pm,  $R1 = 0.0474$ ) and  $\text{LaAl}_{0.61}\text{Ge}_{0.39}$  ( $a = 454.89(10)$ ,  $b = 1168.8(2)$ ,  $c = 420.41(11)$  pm,  $R1 = 0.0447$ ). These stability ranges, the variations of several key geometric parameters such as the  $M-M$  distances or the heights of the trigonal prisms, and the main aspects of the chemical bonding in these lanthanum monometallics are analyzed using FP-LAPW band structure methods. The structure of the new compound  $\text{La}_2\text{Al}_2\text{Ge}$  ( $\text{V}_2\text{B}_3$  structure type, orthorhombic, space group  $Cmcm$ ,  $a = 416.69(4)$ ,  $b = 2719.7(4)$ ,  $c = 450.46(5)$  pm,  $Z = 2$ ,  $R1 = 0.0458$ ) combines the structural elements of the CrB/FeB structure family (two-bonded  $M$  atoms) with the trigonally planar bonded  $M$  atoms of the  $\text{ThSi}_2$  type in a fully ordered Al and Ge atom distribution and thus without phase width.

**Key words:** Lanthanum, Gallium, Aluminum, Tetrelides, Band Structure Calculation