

Neue gemischte Zinn-reiche Erdalkalimetall-Stannide – Synthese, Strukturchemie und chemische Bindung

New Mixed Tin-rich Alkaline Earth Stannides –
Synthesis, Structural Chemistry and Chemical Bonding

Marco Wendorff und Caroline Röhr

Institut für Anorganische und Analytische Chemie, Universität Freiburg, Albertstraße 21,
79104 Freiburg, Germany

Reprint requests to Prof. Dr. C. Röhr. E-mail: caroline@ruby.chemie.uni-freiburg.de

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Ternary mixed Ca/Ba-Sr pentastannides $A^{\text{II}}\text{Sn}_5$ ($A^{\text{II}} = \text{Ca}, \text{Sr}, \text{Ba}$) have been synthesized from stoichiometric mixtures of the elements or from tin-rich melts. The crystal structures of two new compounds of overall composition $A\text{Sn}_5$ ($A = \text{Sr}, \text{Ba}$) were determined by means of single-crystal X-ray data. The structures of both $\text{Sr}_{0.94}\text{Ba}_{0.06}\text{Sn}_5$ (monoclinic, space group $C2/m$, $a = 1762.8(11)$, $b = 704.1(3)$, $c = 1986(2)$ pm, $\beta = 100.31(6)^\circ$, $Z = 14$, $R1 = 0.0996$) and $\text{Sr}_{0.89}\text{Ba}_{0.11}\text{Sn}_5$ (orthorhombic, space group $Cmcm$, $a = 708.1(2)$, $b = 1770.4(8)$, $c = 2781.6(11)$ pm, $Z = 20$, $R1 = 0.0821$) are closely related and can be described by different stacking sequences of comparable nets. They both resemble the structural features of the tristannides $A^{\text{II}}\text{Sn}_3$ in forming dimers and trimers of face-sharing Sn_6 -octahedra, which are further connected *via* common corners. According to the higher tin content, the rods formed of the octahedra are interspersed by additional Sn atoms, which themselves show a bonding situation resembling the structure of elementary tin. The complex tin network formed by the strong Sn-Sn bonds alone can be regarded as a cutout of the hexagonal diamond structure. In this view, the similarities of the title compounds to the known binary stannides BaSn_5 and SrSn_4 become apparent. The phase widths of the latter have been investigated and shown to reach up to $\text{Sr}_{0.37}\text{Ba}_{0.63}\text{Sn}_5$ (BaSn_5 type, hexagonal, space group $P6/mmm$, $a = 536.8(2)$, $c = 695.2(3)$ pm, $R1 = 0.0312$) and $\text{Sr}_{0.79}\text{Ca}_{0.21}\text{Sn}_4$ (SrSn_4 type, orthorhombic, space group $Cmcm$, $a = 461.7(3)$, $b = 1714.1(14)$, $c = 706.7(4)$ pm, $Z = 4$, $R1 = 0.0861$), respectively. The total density of states calculated for the orthorhombic pentastannide within the FP-LAPW DFT band structure approach shows a broad minimum at the Fermi level, which can be explained using the Zintl and the Wade/Jemmis electron counting rules.

Key words: Stannides, Strontium, Crystal Structure, Band Structure Calculation