

The Silver(I) Mercury(II) Oxide Nitrate with the Empirical Formula AgHg_2NO_5

Thomas J. Mormann and Wolfgang Jeitschko

Anorganisch-Chemisches Institut, Universität Münster,
Wilhelm-Klemm-Str. 8, D-48149 Münster, Germany

Reprint requests to Prof. Dr. W. Jeitschko.

Z. Naturforsch. **54 b**, 1489–1494 (1999); received September 7, 1999

Crystal Structure, Silver Mercury(II) Oxide Nitrate

The title compound was prepared by solid state reaction of Ag_2O with $\text{Hg}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ in air at 350 °C. Its crystal structure was determined from single-crystal diffractometer data: *Pnma*, $a = 620.1(1)$ pm, $b = 670.1(1)$ pm, $c = 1267.5(2)$ pm, $Z = 4$, $R = 0.026$ for 586 structure factors and 33 variable parameters. The compound may be represented by the formula $\text{Ag}(\text{HgO})_2\text{NO}_3$. The mercury(II) together with the oxygen atoms form zig-zag chains with linear coordination of the mercury atoms. The oxygen atoms of these chains are linked via silver(I) atoms, thus forming two-dimensionally infinite nets, which contain the trigonal planar nitrate groups in interstices. Thus, only secondary Hg-O and Ag-O bonds are formed between the nets.