

Niedere Hydrate aliphatischer primärer Amine. Neue Untersuchungen zu Bildung und Struktur [1]

Lower Hydrates of Aliphatic Primary Amines.

New Studies of Formation and Structure [1]

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After earlier work in this laboratory on lower hydrates of amines, the melting diagram of the system 1,8-diaminooctane/water and six new crystal structures of hemi- and monohydrates of terminal primary n-alkylamines and diamines have been determined. In the hydrates 1-PrNH₂ · 0.5 H₂O (space group *C* 2/*m* with *Z* = 4 formula units per unit cell), 1-HexNH₂ · 0.5 H₂O (*P* $\bar{1}$, *Z* = 2) and H₂N(CH₂)_{*n*}NH₂ · H₂O with *n* = 4, 6, 8 (*P* 2₁/*c*, *Z* = 4), the O and N atoms are hydrogen-bonded into a two-dimensional array analogous to the mutual coordination of cations and anions in the CdI₂ structure type: [ON_{6/3}] ~ [CdI_{6/3}]. In the hydrate H₂N(CH₂)₂NH₂ · H₂O (*C* 2/*c*, *Z* = 4), the H₂O/NH₂ partial structure is three-dimensional but can be reduced, by neglecting the longest H bond, to an array which is again just two-dimensional and related now to the red HgI₂ structure type: [ON_{4/2}] ~ [HgI_{4/2}]. In all the monohydrates, the arrays as defined are crosslinked by the alkylene chains of the bifunctional amine molecules.

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